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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/562,372	12/23/2005	Bruno Lhuillier	15675P593	3832	
8791 7590 08/05/2010 BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP			EXAMINER		
1279 OAKMEA	AD PARKWAY	CAMPBELL, THOR S			
SUNNY VALE,	, CA 94085-4040		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			3742		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			08/05/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		,372	LHUILLIER, BRUNO				
		er	Art Unit				
		. Campbell/	3742				
The MAILING DATE of this commu Period for Reply	nication appears on t	he cover sheet with the o	correspondence ac	ldress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this cor - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for rep. Any reply received by the Office later than three month: earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF and a sof 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no amunication, statutory period will apply and by will, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNICATION event, however, may a reply be tind will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this c ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on						
2a) This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action is	: non-final					
/	•		neecution as to the	a marite ie			
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
closed in accordance with the prac	tice dilder Ex parte (*adyle, 1555 O.D. 11, 4	00 0.0. 210.				
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 13-15</u> is/are per	ding in the application	on.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is	-						
5) Claim(s) <u>10,11 and 15</u> is/are allow							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9,13-14</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/or election	requirement					
o, and adapted to read	ionori arra, or orodior	, roquironionii					
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.	Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ГО-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-14 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Applicant has attempted to obviate the prior art by adding the limitations of a "single" wire and "without contacting the tube", however, the added limitations do not have sufficient support in the originally filed specification. The applicant does not explicitly disclose or discuss the use of a "single" wire, in fact, Figure 2 suggests the existence of two legs connected together in much the same manner as the Volbrecht device. Further, applicant does not discuss that the wire does not contact the tube, but relies on the said Figure 2 to support such a limitation. It is noted that although a figure may be able to show positive structural relationships between elements, a figure can not reasonably support negative structural relationships. Although the figure may show one view in which it appears the wires do not contact the tube the figure can not be used to positively support the limitation that the wires nowhere contact the tube.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-9, 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Volbrecht (4,934,831) in view of Blin (US 5183079).

In reference to claim 1.

A heater resistance for heating a solid part, the resistance

comprising: an electric wire having various strands within a tube (see figure 1, as analogous to applicant's figure 2—further since applicant's figure and the prior art show two conductors similarly joined to complete the circuit forming a single wire); and a ceramic insulation surrounding the wire and interposed between the wire strands and the tube. It should be noted that Volbrecht explicitly discloses that the wires 16/18 do not contact the tube (col. 3, lines 3-4) Volbrecht does not disclose an additional ceramic sheath wherein the sheath includes a woven layer.

Blin discloses the use of a ceramic sleeve of woven character. It would have been obvious to modify the Volbrecht device to include a ceramic woven sleeve around the packed ceramic insulation in order to hold the ceramic insulation in place.

In reference to claim 5. A heater resistance according to claim 1, further comprising a mass of electrically insulating material, interposed between the wire and the sheath.

In reference to claim 6. A heater resistance according to claim 5, wherein the insulating mass is includes a mineral.

In reference to claims 2-4, 14, the choice of material is obvious to one of skill.

In reference to claim 7. A heater resistance according to claim 1, including a portion of generally elongate shape.

In reference to claim 8. A heater resistance according to claim 1, further comprising a connector and heater segment and a connection segment adjacent to the connector, the wire having a cross-section in the connection section of area that is greater than the area of the cross-section of the wire in the heater segment. See Figure 10

In reference to claim 9. A heater resistance according to claim 1, further comprising a connector and a portion adjacent to the connector that is tapering in shape. See Figure 10. In reference to claim 13. A method of fabricating a probe for mounting on board a vehicle for measuring an air flow parameter including temperature, the method comprising deforming a heater resistance according to claim 1 in order to enable the heater resistance to be secured to a body of the probe.

Response to Arguments

In response to Applicant's argument that Blin discloses a ceramic woven layer for a different reason that Applicant, the fact that Applicant uses a ceramic sheath for a different purpose does not alter the conclusion that its use in a prior art device would be prima facie obvious from the purpose disclosed in the reference. With respect to the argument that

Volbrecht does not teach a heater, it is noted that the preamble of the claim amounts to an intended use of the claimed device since the body of the claims can stand alone. Further it is noted that the prior art has the same structural components and despite the argument that the device can not act as a heater, electrical current passing through a resistance wire *is* subject to Ohmic heating to some extent and therefore is a heater. Applicant further argues that Volbrecht can not work as a heater since it allegedly uses "lead" wires. It appears applicant has misinterpreted that Volbrecht discloses the use of lead--chemical symbol Pb- wires. This is not the case. Volbrecht teaches the use of stranded conductors, and additionally that when making thermistors, wires 16 and 18 would be homogeneous--that is of the same rather than dissimilar materials.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 10-11, 15 are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to /Thor S. Campbell/ whose telephone number is 571-272-4776. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 5:30AM-2:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tu Hoang can be reached on 571-272-4780. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Thor S. Campbell/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 3742

TSC